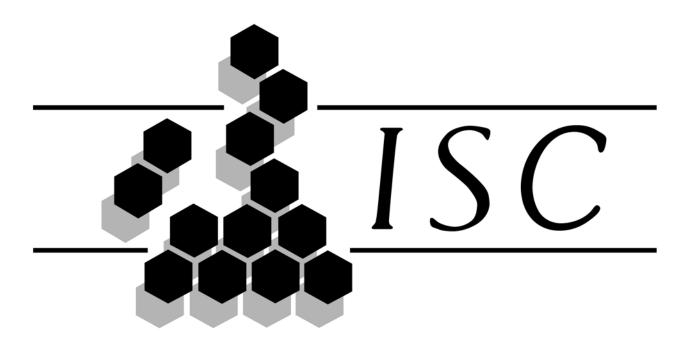
ANNUAL CENSUS 2004



INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS COUNCIL

STATISTICAL SURVEY OF INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS COUNCIL

Statistical Survey of Independent Schools - January 2004

These tables contain information derived from a survey carried out in January 2004 among members of :-

HMC	-	boys' and coeducational schools whose heads are members of the Headmasters' and Headmistresses' Conference and whose governing bodies are members of AGBIS
SHMIS	-	schools whose heads are members of the Society of Headmasters and Headmistresses of Independent Schools, most of whose governing bodies are members of AGBIS
AGBIS	-	schools whose governing bodies are members of the Association of Governing Bodies of Independent Schools Note that AGBIS was formed by the amalgamation of the Governing Bodies Association (GBA) and Governing Bodies of Girls' Schools Association (GBGSA) in 2002
GSA	-	girls' schools whose heads are members of the Girls' Schools Association and whose governing bodies belong to AGBIS
IAPS	-	schools whose heads are members of the Incorporated Association of Preparatory Schools
ISA	-	schools whose heads are members of the Independent Schools Association
ISBA	-	schools whose bursars are members of the Independent Schools' Bursars Association

The information relates to January 2004, except that expenditure on buildings and equipment is for the financial year ending at various dates in 2003.

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TABLES FOR INDIVIDUAL ASSOCIATIONS - HMC, SHMIS, GSA, IAPS, ISA - are available as *supplements to this booklet*.

ISC CENSUS 2004: INTRODUCTION

by David Woodhead, National Director ISCis and Deputy General Secretary ISC

Ninth successive increase in pupil numbers - a record run

- ➤ More pupils in ISC schools
- > Ninth increase in succession and 17th in the 22 years of the Census
- Schools help more with fees
- More investment in facilities

During twenty-two years of the ISC Census in comparable form, there have been only five years in which pupil numbers did not increase. Day numbers dropped in only two of those years. One period of eight years of continuous growth lasted until 1991; 2003/04 is the ninth year of continuous growth – a record run – since 1995/6. While the growth is smaller than in recent years, it must be seen in the context of substantially higher fees attributable to an unusual combination of cost pressures on schools.

The total population in ISC schools on Census Day in January 2004 was 508,027, of whom 437,774 were day boys and girls and 70,253 were boarders [Table 1, page 13]. They attended 1,277 schools belonging to the associations of governors, heads and bursars within the Independent Schools Council.

The main statistics and percentage changes between 2003 and 2004 are summarised in the tables and commentaries between pages 6 and 11. More detailed tables follow between pages 13 and 22. Results from schools in the current year are compared with the same schools' results in 2003. That is why the number of schools included in Table 1 differs from the number in the subsequent comparative tables.

Comparisons are made, therefore, between the 1,267

schools which participated in both the 2003 and 2004 surveys. In these schools there are 505,342 pupils in 2004 (the figure printed in bold at the top of **Table 2, page 13**), compared with 504,926 in 2003 (the figure immediately below), an increase of 416 or 0.1 per cent.

Table 2 distinguishes between day and boarding boys and girls. It shows a rise of 0.3 per cent in day pupils but a drop in boarders of 1.4 per cent, after two years in which boarding numbers increased.

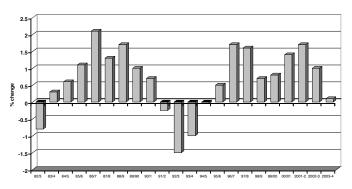
Graph 1 traces changes in total pupil numbers in the twenty-two surveys conducted on a comparable basis. The current nine-year period of continuous growth in numbers, beginning in 1995/96, has seen annual percentage rises of 0.6, 1.7, 1.6, 0.7, 0.8, 1.4, 1.7, 1.0 and 0.1 respectively. Numbers in the early 1990s were affected by recession: between 1992-95 buoyant day pupil recruitment was offset by the decline of boarding. Growth between 1984-91 followed the leaner years of the early 1980s' recession.

More than 80 per cent of the UK's independent sector pupils are in ISC schools. The sector as a whole educates 620,000 children in 2,300 schools – an increase of more than 60,000 over the past twenty years.

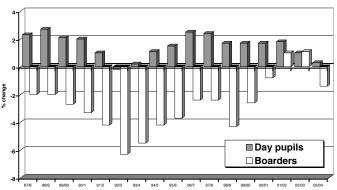
The proportion of pupils educated in the independent sector is rising. Department for Education & Skills (DfES) statistics for England – which has the vast majority of the UK's independently-educated pupils – show the number of under-11s in maintained nursery and primary schools falling since 1999 and secondary numbers dropping after this year. **Table 3**, **page 14** records the ages at which pupil numbers have risen or fallen in ISC schools between 2003 and 2004.

Graph 2 tracks trends in day and boarding numbers in ISC schools from the 1980s to 2004.

1. ANNUAL CHANGE IN NUMBERS SINCE 1982

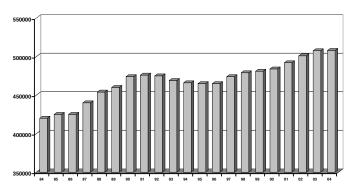


2. TRENDS IN DAY & BOARDING NUMBERS



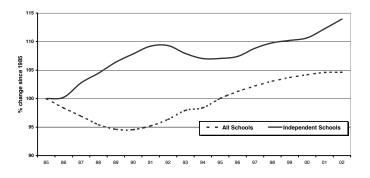
Graph 3 shows the growth in pupil numbers in ISC schools from the mid-1980s until 2004.

3. PUPIL NUMBERS IN ISC SCHOOLS 1984-2004



Graph 4 traces trends in primary and secondary pupil numbers in independent and maintained schools since 1985, based on DfES statistics. The independent sector has managed to buck demographic trends during most of this period and it continues to do so.

4. INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS & DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS



School costs and fees

Fee increases in 2003-04 averaged 9.6 per cent, compared with 7.0 per cent in the previous year. Average annual rises have accelerated steadily from 4.2 per cent in 1994-95; during the 1980s they averaged about 10 per cent. Cost pressures on schools in 2003-04 have been particularly severe: they explain not only the steep increases which most schools found unavoidable, but also, perhaps, the smaller growth in pupil numbers than for some years.

Average termly fees are recorded in **Tables 4 & 5**, **page 15**. The former includes a regional breakdown of pupil numbers and average fees for day and boarding pupils. Fees for day pupils in boarding schools are usually higher than for day pupils in all-day schools because staff:pupil ratios are higher in schools with boarders and there is a longer school day and, in many cases, school week.

Table 5 compares percentage increases in average day and boarding fees (under school associations) over a five-year period with increases in average earnings and teachers' pay. It does not give a full picture of teachers' pay,

however, because it records only the national award, not the incremental payments which most teachers receive or the extent to which independent schools (particularly those with boarders) pay more than national pay scales.

The Retail Prices Index is an inadequate guide to costs in schools. Staff and capital costs constitute the biggest elements in school budgets. Independent school fees cover administration, maintenance and capital expenditure as well as tuition and other costs. They have to pay for expensive items not included in state schools' *per capita* figures. This is often overlooked when facile comparisons are made between *per capita* funding in the maintained and independent sectors. The full costs of an independent education are inevitably more visible than those of a school funded by taxes providing education 'free at the point of delivery'.

In the maintained sector, the Government recommendation to local education authorities for 2003-04 was a standard spending assessment increase of 5.2 per cent per pupil, but this excludes capital expenditure and central administration costs. Publicly-funded education has been adversely affected by some of the same cost pressures that have hit independent schools, particularly staff costs and those arising from the increased contribution to teacher pensions (see below). But the latter impinge particularly heavily on independent schools with an average teacher:pupil ratio of 1:11 compared with the maintained sector's 1:18.

Increased staff costs are the chief determinant of annual fee rises. ISC schools pay national awards or their own comparable or more generous scales, plus incremental rises provided for in national agreements and, in many cases, performance-related pay. Salaries of teachers and other staff are the largest items of school expenditure, accounting for around 70 per cent of a school's costs. Historically, teachers' salaries have often outpaced or matched the RPI through national awards alone, before taking incremental rises into account.

The Government pay award to teachers in 2003 increased the basic scale by 2.9 per cent (but up to 10 per cent for heads and deputy heads). The principal increased staff cost for which schools also had to budget in 2003/04 was the steep rise - from 8.35 per cent to 13.5 per cent - in employers' contributions to the Teachers' Pension Scheme. This alone is estimated to have added £75 million to staff costs of schools in ISC. Other increased costs included higher employers' national insurance contributions and greater provision for final salary pension schemes for support staff. These factors resulted in an overall increase in many schools' pay bills of more than 7 per cent. Schools have also been hit by higher costs of other goods and services, such as insurance premiums, and boarding schools in particular have incurred substantial additional costs arising from government legislation.

Parents regard smaller teaching groups, and therefore greater individual attention for pupils, as one of the principal attractions of independent schools. Fees are the price parents pay for generous staffing as well as constantly updated facilities. **Table 6, page 16** shows the number of schools in each association with fees within the stated range. Staff:pupil ratios are recorded in **Table 14, page 21** and show another slight improvement.

More pupils helped by schools

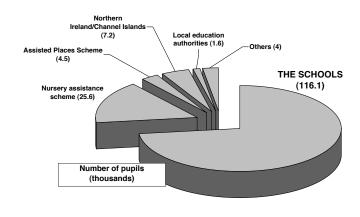
The number of boys and girls who are helped with their fees by their schools has increased by 2.1 per cent – from 113,697 to 116,120 – and they represent 23 per cent of all pupils in ISC schools (compared with 22.5 per cent a year earlier).

The total number receiving help with fees has fallen by 0.8 per cent to 159,166 (31.5 per cent of all pupils), largely because of the drop in the number of pupils who are supported by the government assisted places scheme. This Census covers the sixth year in which there has not been a new intake of pupils under the scheme, the phasing out of which began after the Labour government took office in 1997. The number of assisted place pupils is now 4,543, most of whom will leave their schools this summer (2004).

There are small reductions, too, in the number of boys and girls helped by local education authority funding in all parts of the United Kingdom and Channel Islands, but increased help through the government nursery assistance scheme and from 'other sources', which include educational charitable trusts.

Details are given in Table 7, page 17 and Graph 5.

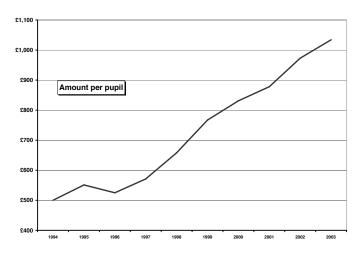
5. SOURCES OF HELP WITH FEES



Investing in schools

Spending in total and per pupil on new and improved buildings and equipment is recorded in **Table 8**, **page 17** and **Graph 6**. During 2003 schools spent £522.6 million, or £1,034 per pupil (compared with £497.2 million and £984 respectively in 2002). These represented increases of 5.1 and 6.6 per cent respectively. Investment in new and refurbished boarding accommodation (recorded separately for the first time last year) increased by more than 30 per cent to a total of £90.5 million, or £1,301 per boarding pupil.

6. SPENDING ON BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT



More pupils from overseas

The number of new pupils from overseas who have joined ISC schools during the year up to January 2004 increased by 3.3 per cent to 9,687. Details are recorded in **Table 9**, **page 18**. However, as there was almost no change in the number of new *foreign* pupils (8,294 compared with 8,299 in the previous year), the overall increase in pupils from overseas is attributable to a rise among new British expatriate children from 1,078 to 1,393. The number of new children of families serving overseas in the armed forces fell by 6 per cent, from 1,549 to 1,454.

Among foreign pupils, there were notable increases from Germany (up by 11.2 per cent to 1,001) and the People's Republic of China (up 13.1 per cent to 1,102). From continental Europe as a whole there were 2,330 new pupils, compared with 2,239 in the previous year. From the Far East there were 4,445, compared with 4,402. Parts of the world which are traditionally strong for recruitment by British boarding schools maintained this position.

Table 9A, page 18 shows the value to the UK economy of the fees of 18,249 overseas pupils as £314 million. This is important, but even more so are the links which successive generations of British-educated foreigners establish and retain with the UK and the friends they make while at school here; many will also occupy influential positions in their own countries. UK universities gain, too, from the presence of foreign pupils in ISC schools: a recent survey showed that more than 70 per cent of them stayed in Britain for their higher education courses.

More than 92% to higher education

Table 10, page 19 shows that 92.4 per cent of ISC school-leavers go on to higher education after taking A-levels or other sixth-form qualifications (a slight increase on the previous year). It does not record those (relatively few) who leave immediately after GCSE. Statistics for GSA and ISA are affected by the schools in their membership which do not have sixth-forms. The table understates higher education entries because schools do not know the eventual destinations of all leavers who defer university entry.

Size of schools; Boarding/day; Boys/girls

Table 11, page 19 records sizes of schools. Each figure under the association headings represents the number of schools whose total pupil rolls are within the stated range. The average size of an ISC school is 398.

Table 12, page 20 shows percentages of boarders: for example, there are 36 schools across all associations with 90 per cent or more boarders.

Table 13, page 20 gives boy/girl ratios. For example, there are 139 all-boy schools and 203 all-girl schools (four fewer single-sex schools than a year earlier); the others are coeducational in varying proportions.

Staff & pupils

Table 14, page 21 covers staff:pupil numbers and ratios. It records an overall staff:pupil ratio of 1:10.1 and a ratio of 1:11.7 when sixth-form weighting (each sixth-form pupil counted as two) is taken into account. Both represent further slight improvements on previous years.

Table 15, page 22 principally records full-time staff changes during the year — teaching staff taking up appointments in ISC schools from other independent schools, maintained schools, universities and other sources. For example, 3,470 teachers moved between independent schools; but while 1,832 teachers from maintained schools took up posts in ISC schools, only 558 moved from ISC schools into the maintained sector. This ratio — of more than three times as many teachers moving from maintained to independent schools as going in the opposite direction — is consistent with the pattern over many years.

Association tables

Detailed tables for each of the ISC's constituent associations are available as supplements but are not published as part of the Census booklet (see back cover).

Multiple membership of associations

Every school included in the Census must belong to at least one of the ISC associations. Many schools belong to more than one. In the tables on pages 13 to 22, each school is recorded under one association only. This avoids counting the same school and its pupils more than once. but produces distortions in the apparent size of associations. For example, the Society of Headmasters & Headmistresses of Independent Schools (SHMIS) appears to have only 68 members. Its full membership on Census day was 94, but some of its heads are also members of other associations (chiefly HMC) and their schools' statistics are recorded under these bodies. Similarly, some schools in the Independent Schools Association (ISA) also belong to other associations and do not appear under ISA in the general tables. Many preparatory and junior schools are not listed separately from their senior schools even though their heads are members of IAPS.

Governing bodies of most senior and some preparatory schools belong to the Association of Governing Bodies of Independent Schools (AGBIS). The very small number of schools whose heads are in the process of joining, but do not yet belong to, an association of heads appear in the tables under AGBIS.

Acknowledgements

All but one of the 1,278 member schools are included in the 2004 Census. We are grateful to the heads, deputy heads, bursars, registrars, secretaries and other members of staff who provided the information.

Julian Bewick and his assistants at Monkton Combe Computing Service devoted many hours of patient and careful work to this survey, checking as well as entering the data as they were received from schools. They deserve our congratulations on producing a document which is valued by schools, associations, journalists, academic and media researchers, politicians, civil servants and others for the details it provides about the major part of the UK independent sector.

As this is the last of the twenty surveys for which I have been responsible during my time as director of the national information service, I would like to record my personal thanks to Julian Bewick for his dedication not only to these annual surveys but also to the many other statistical projects on which he has been engaged for ISIS/ISCis and ISC since the late 1970s: it has been a great pleasure to work with him.

All independent schools

Statistics for all independent schools in Great Britain, based on data from the government departments in England, Wales and Scotland, are available from:

ISC.

Grosvenor Gardens House, 35-37 Grosvenor Gardens, London SW1W 0BS; Telephone + 44 (0)20 7798 1500; Fax +44 (0)20 7798 1531; e-mail info@iscis.uk.net website www.iscis.uk.net

Information on Scotland is also available from:

Scottish Council of Independent Schools, 21 Melville Street, Edinburgh EH3 7PE; Telephone + 44 (0)131 220 2106; Fax + 44 (0)131 225 8594; e-mail information@scis.org.uk

London, April 2004

ISC CENSUS 2004: SUMMARY TABLES

TOTAL NUMBER IN CENSUS 2004 (see Table 1)

		Number	Percentage of total
Schools in census		1,277	99.9%
Total member schools		1,278	100.0%
Charities		1,061	83.1%
Others		216	16.9%
PUPILS			
Boarders	Total	70,253	13.8%
	Boys	40,861	8.0%
	Girls	29,392	5.8%
Day	Total	437,774	86.2%
	Boys	219,618	43.2%
	Girls	218,156	42.9%
All	Boys	260,479	51.3%
	Girls	247,548	48.7%
TOTAL		508,027	100.0%

TOTAL NUMBER IN CENSUS 2004 (see Table 1)

Schools in Census: 1,277 ISC-member schools are included in the 2004 survey, recorded on Census Day 15 January. ISC schools are those in membership of the associations of governors, heads and bursars representing the majority of UK independent schools. The 508,027 pupils recorded in them in January 2004 account for more than 80% of the total number of pupils in independent schools in the UK, which is 620,000.

Day/Boarding: The Census shows that 86.2% of ISC school pupils are day boys and girls, 13.8% are boarders. Day pupils have increased in all but two of the past twenty-two years. After two years of growth in boarding, the number of boarders has fallen in 2003/04.

Boys/Girls: 51.3% of pupils are boys, 48.7% girls. When the Census was established on its present basis in 1982, girls represented only 41.7% of the total.

CHANGES SINCE 2003 (see Table 2)

		Number	% Change on 2003
Number of sch	ools compar	ed 1,267	
PUPILS			
Boarders	Total	69,542	-1.4%
		70,531	
	Boys	40,325	-1.7%
		41,018	
	Girls	29,217	-1.0%
		29,513	
Day	Total	435,800	+0.3%
		434,395	
	Boys	218,786	+0.3%
		218,119	
	Girls	217,014	+0.3%
		216,276	
All			
	Boys	259,111	-0.0%
		259,137	
	Girls	246,231	+0.2%
		245,789	
TOTAL		505,342	+0.1%
		504,926	

CHANGES SINCE 2003 (see Table 2)

Tables 2-9 on pages 13-18 and **Tables 14-15** on pages 21-22 compare 1,267 ISC schools which were included in the 2003 and 2004 surveys. In Tables 2 & 3 on pages 13/14, for example, the 2004 figures are shown in bold type, with 2003 figures below and the percentage changes in italics.

The increase in the total number of pupils is the ninth in succession - exceeding the eight years of growth after 1984. The number of day pupils has increased by 1,405 (0.3%) and the number of boarders has dropped by 989 (1.4%), giving an overall rise of 416, or 0.1%.

Numbers have risen in 17 of the 22 years of the Census. Changes in recent years have been: 2003 + 1.0% (net gain 5,128 pupils); 2002 + 1.7% (net gain 8,463); 2001 + 1.4% (net gain 6,557); 2000 + 0.8% (net gain 3,812); 1999 + 0.7% (net gain 3,398); 1998 + 1.6% (net gain 7,421); 1997 + 1.7% (net gain 7,640); 1996 + 0.6 (net gain 2,877); 1995 - 0.1% (net loss 509); 1994 - 1.0% (net loss 4,476); 1993 - 1.5% (net loss 6,973); 1992 - 0.2% (net loss 1,065); 1991 + 0.7% (net gain 3,079); 1990 + 1.0% (net gain 4,638).

AGE COHORTS (see Table 3)

Aged on 31 Aug 2003	Number	% Change on 2003
2	5,789	-1.3%
3	14,455	-2.6%
4	20,589	-2.2%
Cumulative 2-4	40,833	-2.2%
5	22,311	-0.8%
6	23,088	+2.5%
7	25,540	-2.1%
8	28,126	-3.2%
9	31,023	+3.1%
10	31,772	-2.7%
Cumulative 5-10	161,860	-0.6%
11	42,365	-1.6%
12	44,795	+0.9%
13	45,407	+2.7%
Cumulative 8-13	223,488	+0.0%
14	44,955	+0.4%
15	45,010	+3.3%
Cumulative 11-15	222,532	+1.2%
16	37,884	-2.2%
17	36,077	+0.8%
18	4,358	+5.6%
19	539	-8.3%
Cumulative 16-19	78,858	-0.5%

AGE COHORTS (see Table 3)

This table indicates the number of children by age and the change compared with the previous year, with cumulative figures for the main educational stages.

The total number of children of school age is declining. This is affecting numbers in the maintained sector throughout the under-11 cohorts: DfES projections for England show under-5s declining from 534,700 in 2003 to 513,000 in 2006 and primary ages, which began to decline in 1999, continuing to fall until 2012. Under-15s in maintained schools in England are projected to fall over the next ten years. In Scotland the under-15 school population will fall by 18% during the same period. Under-11s in ISC schools also record a decline.

The ISC 11-15 cohort has increased in size by 1.2%. This is the fourth successive rise among 11-15s, indicating that the post-recession increase in junior school numbers has progressed into the higher age range. (With the abolition of the government assisted places scheme, the number of 11-15 year- olds in independent schools was expected to fall steeply after 1998; in fact it has increased, as schools have succeeded in attracting full fee-payers or in helping pupils with their fees from bursary and scholarship funds.) Among 16-19 year-olds there is a cumulative drop of 0.5%, after increases in recent years.

FEES (see Tables 4 & 6)

Average termly fee	£	% Change on 2003
Boarding	£5,909	+9.1
Day fee/boarding schools	£3,107	+9.1
Day fee/day schools	£2,429	+10.1
Day fee average	£2,637	+9.7
Overall average	£3,074	+9.6

FEES (see Tables 4, 5 & 6)

The average rise in fees was 9.6%, compared with 7.0% in the previous year.

Note that the averages above are for schools of various types across the full age range (whereas it is generally true that fees for younger pupils are less than for older ones). Averages for day and boarding within particular types of school are more clearly differentiated in Tables 4 & 5. Note also the differences between day fees in entirely day schools and the higher day fees in schools with a mixture of day and boarding pupils: schools of the latter type usually have higher staff:pupil ratios and a longer school day and week.

Comparisons are made in Table 5 between increases in fees, average earnings and teachers' pay. The single most relevant comparison is with teachers' pay awards and incremental rises, since fees chiefly reflect:

- generous staffing (this Census records, in Table 14 on page 21, a further improvement in staff:pupil ratios);
- rising salaries and wages of teaching and non-teaching staff, most of which are beyond the direct control of schools which pay at least the nationally-agreed awards and incremental scales. Teachers' incremental rises add substantially to schools' salary bills. This year schools have also had to budget for increased employers' national insurance contributions and the steep rise from 8.35% to 13.5% in the employers' contribution to the Teachers' Pension Scheme;
- investment in buildings, facilities and equipment, which continues at high levels, as well as the rising cost of goods and services bought by schools.

See also the Introduction on page 3.

HELP WITH FEES (see Table 7)			
Pupils receiving help from	Numbers	% of all pupils	% Change on 2003
Local education authorities	1,555	0.3%	-2.1%
Northern Ireland/Channel Islands	7,234	1.4%	-1.5%
The school	116,120	23.0%	+2.1%
Government AP scheme	4,543	0.9%	-46.5%
Nursery Assistance Scheme	25,664	5.1%	+0.4%
All other known sources	4,050	0.8%	+7.5%
Total	159,166	31.5%	-0.8%

HELP WITH FEES (see Table 7)

The increasing number of children receiving help with their fees, particularly from the schools, is a long-term trend; it accelerated during the early 1990s' recession as more families needed bursaries from schools to enable pupils at crucial examination stages to complete their courses. It has been boosted in recent years by schools providing more financial help to compensate for the loss of government assisted places.

This year the number of boys and girls receiving help from their schools through bursaries and scholarships has increased by 2.1% to 116,120 and they represent 23% of all pupils in ISC schools.

The proportion of children receiving help from various sources is 31.5%. (In 1982 the proportion was 15.8%.) The slight decrease of 0.8% to 159,166 is largely attributable to the drop in the number of pupils supported by the assisted places scheme. This Census covers the sixth year in which there has not been a new intake of pupils under that scheme, the phasing out of which began after the Labour government took office in 1997. The number of assisted place pupils is now 4,543, most of whom will leave their schools this summer (2004). (There will still be a few such pupils in schools until 2009, as some of those who took up assisted places in junior or preparatory schools work through the system.)

Fewer pupils have been placed by local education authorities. The number aided under the Government Nursery Assistance Scheme (5% of all pupils) has increased by 0.4%. 'All other known sources' include educational charitable trusts.

BUILDINGS	& EQUIPMENT	(see Table	8)
Spending		Amount	% on 2003
on new/refur	b boarding accom	modation	
	Total (£m)	90.5	+31.0%
	Per boarder (£)	1,301	+32.9%
on other new	buildings		
	Total (£m)	287.5	-3.2%
	Per pupil (£)	568	-1.9%
on other imp	rovements to build	dings & equi	pment
	Total (£m)	144.7	+10.3%
	Per pupil (£)	286	+11.9%
Total			
	Total (£m)	522.6	+5.1%
	Per pupil (£)	1,034	+6.6%

NEW PUPILS FROM OVERSEAS/ARMED FORCES (See Table 9)

New pupils who joined Jan 2003 - Jan 2004

riew pupils who joined Jan 200		400 4	
N	lumber		% change
			since 2003
		% of	
British		Br/For	
Expatriate	1,393	14.4%	+29.2%
Armed Forces	1,454	n/a	-6.1%
		% of	
Foreign pupils		Foreign	
France	145	1.7%	-9.4%
Germany	1,001	12.1%	+11.2%
Russia	303	3.7%	-4.4%
Spain	333	4.0%	-0.6%
Remainder of Europe (excl.U.	K) 548	6.6%	+4.0%
Africa	353	4.3%	-22.4%
North America	439	5.3%	-9.5%
C and S America & Caribbear	n 211	2.5%	-8.7%
Middle East	141	1.7%	-14.5%
Hong Kong	2,249	27.1%	-1.7%
Mainland China	1,102	13.3%	+13.1%
Taiwan	98	1.2%	-13.3%
Japan	284	3.4%	-5.0%
South Korea	423	5.1%	+3.2%
Malaysia	135	1.6%	-10.6%
Thailand	154	1.9%	-7.2%
India/Pakistan/Sri Lanka	98	1.2%	-21.6%
Remainder of Far East	190	2.3%	+43.9%
Australasia	87	1.0%	+33.8%
New Foreign pupils	8,294	100.0%	-0.1%
Total			
New Pupils from Overseas (excl. armed forces)	9,687	n/a	+3.3%

BUILDINGS & EQUIPMENT (see Table 8)

During 2003 schools spent £522.6 million on new and improved buildings and equipment, 5.1% more than in 2002. This was equivalent to £1,034 per pupil, 6.6% more than in the previous year. Spending on new and refurbished boarding accommodation accounted for £90.5 million (£1,301 per boarder), an increase of more than 30 per cent.

These levels of investment in the fabric and facilities of schools follow other substantial rises in recent years.

NEW PUPILS FROM OVERSEAS/ARMED FORCES (see Table 9)

These are pupils who joined ISC schools between January 2003 and January 2004 – NOT the total number of foreign and expatriate children (which is c.18,000).

The table on this page records the number of new foreign pupils from the continents, regions or countries indicated, the proportion of foreign pupils which each represents, and the percentage change since 2003. It also shows equivalent figures for children of British expatriates and families serving in the armed forces.

The number of new foreign pupils was almost unchanged (8,294 compared with 8,299 in the previous year), but an increase among new British expatriate children produced an overall increase in pupils from overseas of 3.3% to 9,687.

The Census confirms that Germany is by far the most important source of pupils from continental Europe: the number of German boys and girls increased by 11.2 per cent to 1,001 and constitutes 12.1% of international students in ISC schools. The total number of new students from mainland Europe is 2,330 (compared with 2,239 in the previous year).

The other notable increase is from the People's Republic of China (which has its own expanding private education sector): up by 13.1% to 1,102 pupils, accounting for 13.3% of international students. The total from the Far East is 4,445, compared with 4,402.

POST A-LEVEL LEAVERS (see Table 10)

Total no	36,794
% to university	89.2
% to other HE	3.2

POST A-LEVEL LEAVERS (see Table 10)

The historically high proportion of independent school post-A-level leavers going on to higher education (almost all to university) has increased slightly to 92.4%.

STAFFING (See Table 14)

	FUI	LL TIME	PART TI	ME (fte)	TOTAL		
Men	19,075	43.6%	979	16.3%	20,054	40.3%	
Women	24,652	56.4%	5,013	83.6%	29,665	59.7%	
Total	43,727	100.0%	5,993	100.0%	49,720	100.0%	

THE CENSUS IN DETAIL

TABLE 1
TOTAL NUMBERS OF SCHOOLS, BOARDING AND DAY PUPILS IN CENSUS

N.B. THIS TABLE SHOWS THE NUMBERS OF PUPILS IN ALL 1277 SCHOOLS WHICH TOOK PART IN THE 2004 CENSUS.

			HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	TOTAL
Number of schools in census Number of member schools			242 243	68 68	5 5	203 203	493 493	266 266	1,277 1,278
Charities Others			235 8	66 2	5 0	202 1	419 73	134 132	1,061 216
PUPILS	BOARDERS	Boys Girls	26,236 10,430	3,798 2,446	1,226 475	11,248	7,525 3,276	2,076 1,517	40,861 29,392
	DAY	Boys Girls	102,796 39,579	12,373 8,219	497 478	2,112 94,845	71,803 48,294	30,037 26,741	219,618 218,156
	TOTAL	Boys Girls	129,032 50,009	16,171 10,665	1,723 953	2,112 106,093	79,328 51,570	32,113 28,258	260,479 247,548
GRAND TOTAL			179,041	26,836	2,676	108,205	130,898	60,371	508,027

SEE NOTE ON PAGE 5 ON MULTIPLE MEMBERSHIP OF ASSOCIATIONS

TABLE 2 NUMBER OF SCHOOLS, BOARDING AND DAY PUPILS

Note: Numbers for 2004 are printed in ${f BOLD}$ type. Numbers for 2003, together with % changes, are printed below them.

N.B. THIS AND SUBSEQUENT TABLES COMPARE RESULTS FROM THE 1267 SCHOOLS WHICH TOOK PART IN THE CENSUS IN 2003 and 2004

Number of schools compared			HMC 241	SHMIS 68	AGBIS 5	GSA 203	IAPS 489	ISA 261	TOTAL 1,267	
PUPILS	BOARDERS	Boys	25,797 26,150	3,798 3,802	1,226 1,190	44.040	7,525 7,914	1,979 1,962	40,325 41,018	-1.7%
		Girls	10,430 10,413	2,446 2,429	475 489	11,248 11,470	3,276 3,397	1,342 1,315	29,217 29,513	-1.0%
	DAY	Boys	102,796 102,136	12,373 12,048	497 465	2,112 2,006	71,632 72,048	29,376 29,416	218,786 218,119	+0.3%
		Girls	39,579 38,660	8,219 8,190	478 484	94,845 94,984	47,689 47,521	26,204 26,437	217,014 216,276	+0.3%
	TOTAL	Boys	128,593 128,286	16,171 15,850	1, 723 1,655	2,112 2,006	79,157 79,962	31,355 31,378	259,111 259,137	-0.0%
		Girls	50,009 49,073	10,665 10,619	953 973	106,093 106,454	50,965 50,918	27,546 27,752	246,231 245,789	+0.2%
GRAND TOTA	AL		1 78,602 177,359	26,836 26,469	2,676 2,628	108,205 108,460	130,122 130,880	58,901 59,130	505,342 504,926	+0.1%
			+0.7%	+1.4%	+1.8%	-0.2%	-0.6%	-0.4%	+0.1%	Ŧ 0. 170

TABLE 3
NUMBER OF PUPILS IN JANUARY 2004 AND CHANGES SINCE 2003
Figures for 2004 are printed in BOLD type, those for 2003 are printed below them.

0 3,288 0 3,623	7,048 6,911 +2.0% 4,455 4,835 -2.6% 20,589 21,052 -2.2%
1/110/	4,455 4,835 -2.6% 20,589 21,052
3 0 6,891 4 7,560 1 0 7,656 1	20,589 21,052
4 1 10,103 4 10,481 2	-2 2%
5 1 10,964 5 11,341 2	22,311 22,480
6 7 11,476 14 11,591 2	-0.8% 23,088 22,529
7 124 12,721 110 12,585 2	+2.5% !5,540 !6,091
8 641 13,765 289 13,431 2 689 14,147 335 13,892 2	<i>-2.1%</i> !8,126 !9,063
9 1,128 14,822 549 14,524 3	<i>-3.2%</i> 31,023 80,088
10 1,540 14,926 845 14,461 3 1,630 15,359 979 14,697 3	+3.1% 1,772 2,665
11 2,682 19,102 2,185 18,396 4	<i>-2.7%</i> 2,365 3,047
12 3,478 19,753 2,567 18,997 4	-1.6% - 4,795 -4,390
13 5,060 18,372 3,340 18,635 4 5,257 17,711 3,528 17,734 4	+0.9% 5 ,407 -4,230
14 5,663 17,692 3,834 17,766 4 5,752 17,586 3,781 17,637 4	+2.7% 4,955 4,756
15 5,969 17,463 4,116 17,462 4 5,969 16,824 4,108 16,671 4	+0.4% 5,010 3,572
16 6,381 13,532 5,046 12,925 3 6,216 13,997 5,099 13,413 3	+3.3% 1 7,884 18,725
17 6,077 12,680 4,927 12,393 3 6,288 12,428 4,947 12,115 3	-2.2% 6,077 5,778
18 1,378 1,032 1,176 772 1,280 994 1,024 828	+0.8% 4,358 4,126
19 195 69 203 72 231 82 205 70	+5.6% 539 588
TOTAL 40,325 218,786 29,217 217,014 50 41,018 218,119 29,513 216,276 50	-8.3% 1 5,342 14,926 +0.1%

TABLE 4 ALL - NUMBERS AND FEES BY AREAS

Analysis of pupil numbers and average termly fees. (Percentage changes are based on 2003 figures)

AREA	No. of Schools	BOYS Boarding	BOYS Day	GIRLS Boarding	GIRLS Day	TOTAL Boarding	TOTAL Day	ļ	Boarding Fee	Day Fee Boarding Schools	Day Fee Day Schools	Day Fee Average	Average Fee
Scotland	39	1681	11054	1167	11055	2848	22109	ĺ	£6174	£2582	£2264	£2390	£2804
		-1.3%	+1.2%	+1.6%	+0.2%	-0.1%	+0.7%	- 1	+8.0%	+8.2%	+9.0%	+8.6%	+8.5%
The North	172	3267	37093	2379	36844	5646	73937		£5363	£2758	£2099	£2209	£2423
		+2.6%	-0.5%	+2.0%	-0.2%	+2.3%	-0.3%		+8.9%	+7.9%	+9.2%	+9.0%	+8.9%
Wales	18	738	2836	431	3269	1169	6105		£5031	£2768	£2087	£2430	£2823
		+3.9%	+0.9%	+6.7%	-0.8%	+4.9%	-0.0%		+7.5%	+6.3%	+9.4%	+7.6%	+7.5%
W Midlands	124	3666	18884	3230	18758	6896	37642		£6013	£3204	£2296	£2573	£3105
		-7.2%	+0.9%	-4.0%	+0.5%	-5.7%	+0.7%	- 1	+9.3%	+9.4%	+11.8%	+10.9%	+10.4%
E Midiands	76	2853	13460	1674	13308	4527	26768	- 1	£5675	£2979	£2220	£2499	£2963
		-5.1%	+2.4%	-3.6%	+1.3%	-4.6%	+1.8%	- 1	+8.5%	+10.1%	+9.0%	+9.5%	+9.2%
East Anglia	97	2436	13862	1828	14594	4264	28456		£5525	£3210	£2222	£2622	£2984
		-0.2%	-0.2%	+1.3%	+0.4%	+0.4%	+0.1%		+9.5%	+9.5%	+10.0%	+9.8%	+9.7%
South & West	180	8693	25922	6216	26319	14909	52241		£5976	£2985	£2275	£2632	£3363
		-0.2%	-0.1%	-1.2%	+0.4%	-0.6%	+0.1%		+9.7%	+9.8%	+9.8%	+9.8%	+9.7%
Greater London	194	1496	37949	409	39234	1905	77183	- 1	£6501	£3437	£2896	£2949	£3033
		-1.5%	+0.1%	+0.5%	+0.3%	-1.1%	+0.2%	- 1	+9.6%	+9.3%	+10.6%	+10.5%	+10.4%
South East	355	14999	50823	11521	51159	26520	101982	i	£6052	£3565	£2683	£3021	£3636
		-1.9%	+0.5%	-1.2%	+0.4%	-1.6%	+0.4%	1	+9.0%	+9.1%	+9.7%	+9.4%	+9.3%
freland	10	178	6673	94	2298	272	8971	1	£3225	£904	£493	£662	£732
		-9.6%	-0.4%	-2.1%	+2.0%	-7.2%	+0.2%		+8.3%	+5.5%	+44.2%	+19.6%	+18.1%
All	1265	40007	218556	28949	216838	68956	435394	- 1	£5909	£3107	£2429	£2637	£3074
		-1.7%	+0.3%	-1.0%	+0.3%	-1.4%	+0.3%		+9.1%	+9.1%	+10.1%	+9.7%	+9.6%

NOTE: To avoid currency conversion, the Republic of Ireland has been omitted from this table.

TABLE 5 EARNINGS INCREASES, TEACHERS' AWARDS AVERAGE TERMLY FEES (JANUARY TERM 2004)

Year	Earnings	Teachers' Pay	HMC BOARD	HMC DAY	SHMIS BOARD	SHMIS DAY	AGBIS BOARD	AGBIS DAY	GSA BOARD	GSA DAY	IAPS BOARD	IAPS DAY	ISA BOARD	ISA Day	ALL BOARD	ALL DAY	
2000			4748	2013	3813	1973	•	•	4588	1917	3466	1981	4210	1701	4447	1941	
	4.1%	3.3%	+5.8%	+6.9%	+6.8%	+5.4%	•	•	+7.2%	+7.7%	+8.5%	+6.7%	+6.4%	+5.0%	+6.4%	+6.7%	
2001			5035	2156	4039	2117	•	*	4882	2045	3759	2108	4472	1810	4736	2072	
	2.9%	3.7%	+7.9%	+7.5%	+7.4%	+7.3%	•	*	+7.6%	+7.9%	+6.8%	+7.2%	+7.7%	+7.0%	+7.7%	+7.4%	
2002			5461	2327	4318	2302	•	•	4245	2211	4008	2267	4912	1950	5120	2235	
	3.3%	3.5%	+7.2%	+6.6%	+8.0%	+7.8%	•	*	+7.1%	+7.5%	+5.9%	+7.2%	+8.0%	+6.4%	+7.1%	+7.0%	
2003			5853	2483	4703	2519	•	*	5619	2375	4241	2440	5245	2068	5492	2396	
	6.6%	2.9%	+9.0%	+9.7%	+10.4%	+8.8%			+9.3%	+10.5%	+8.9%	+9.4%	+8.7%	+9.8%	+9.1%	+9.7%	
2004			6298	2747	5229	2705	•	•	6048	2631	4594	2669	5658	2267	5909	2637	

NOTES

- Eamings figures are the increases in average eamings January to January (Office for National Statistics). The 2003 earnings figure of 6.6% is provisional.

 The teachers' pay figure is the national award paid in April 2003. Incremental rises, performance- related pay increases, enhanced salaries for newly-qualified teachers and increased ii) employers' national insurance and teachers' pension contributions resulted in an overall increase in many schools' pay bills of 7 per cent or more.
- A table showing the range of maximum termly fees is printed on page 16.
- Average fees are 'average fee per pupil', rather than 'average fee per school'.
- *Figures omitted. They would be misleading because of the small number of schools which are members of AGBIS but, temporarily, of no other association.

TABLE 6
RANGE OF FEES
Numbers of schools whose maximum termly fees are within £75 of the figures shown

	HMC BOARD	HMC DAY	SHMIS BOARD	SHMIS DAY	AGBIS BOARD	AGBIS DAY	GSA BOARD	GSA DAY	IAPS BOARD	IAPS DAY	ISA BOARD	ISA DAY
2600		1	1									
£750		1										1
£900		2										
£1050		1								1		1
£1200								1		2		11
£1350				2		1				3		17
£1500									1	6		31
£1650		1								21		26
£1800				1				1	1	19		21
£1950		7						4		33		31
£2100		13	1	6				25		25		23
£2250		14		6		1		16		40		23
£2400		23		1				25		44		16
£2550		12		9				17		43	1	10
£2700	1	13		9				25		40		8
£2850		9		3				16	1	40		11
£3000		9	1	3	1			12	3	35		5
£3150		16		4				7	2	34	1	3
£3300		12		5				9	1	36	1	2
£3450	2	8		3		1		10	3	30		2
£3600		10	2	2				6	15	18	1	1
£3750	1	8		2				9	12	7	1	1
£3900		10		2				3	10	2	1	1
£4050		6		1				2	19	3	2	
£4200	1	12					3	3	14	1	4	2
£4350	1	9	1	2			3	3	25	3	2	3
£4500	1	5	2				2	2	34	2	5	2
£4650	7	10	3				3	1	15		3	
£4800	6	1	1	1			7	1	21		1	2
£4950	8	3	5	1			5	2	10		4	2
£5100	7	5	2			1	6	1	8		1	1
£5250	1	4	5				7		3		2	2
£5400	5	4	4	1			6		1		2	_
£5550	9	2	3				5		2		1	
£5700	9	2	5		1		7		2		2	
£5850	7		2				6				1	
£6000	10		3				3				,	
£6150	8		1	1	1		3 2				2	1
£6300	20				·		4				-	•
£6450	9		1				3				2	1
£6600	7		2				4				-	•
£6750	7		1			1	5				1	
£6900	14					•	1				•	1
£7050	4		1				•					1
£7200	1				1		1				1	1
£7350	1				1		•				3	•
£7500					•						v	
£7650			1				1					
£7800			1				•					
			•									

This table shows the spread of fees for almost all schools which completed the Census. It omits a few schools which, because of exceptional circumstances (e.g. they are specialist schools), have untypically high or low fees.

TABLE 7 NUMBER OF PUPILS RECEIVING CONTRIBUTIONS TO FEES

Note: Numbers for 2004 are printed in BOLD type. Numbers for 2003, together with % changes, are printed below them.

	HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	TOTAL		
From Local Education Authorities	350 432	182 211	1 1	216 212	175 147	631 586	1,555 1,589	-2.1%	0.3% 0.3%
Northern Ireland and Channel Islands	5,920 6,008	627 631	0 0	149 148	538 558	0 0	7,234 7,345	-1.5%	1.4% 1.5%
From the school	48,874 47,250	8,449 8,013	495 492	21,873 21,269	24,473 24,921	11,956 11,752	116,120 113,697	+2.1%	23.0% 22.5%
From Government Assisted Places Scheme	2,767 5,235	453 563	11 39	1,181 2,486	19 47	112 121	4,543 8,491	-46.5%	0.9% 1.7%
Nursery Assistance Scheme	2,174 2,087	663 656	31 34	3,321 3,271	13,492 13,275	5,983 6,242	25,664 25,565	+0.4%	5.1% 5.1%
From all other known sources	2,305 2,037	445 454	26 14	644 540	400 474	230 249	4,050 3,768	+7.5%	0.8% 0.7%
TOTALS	62,390 63,049	10,819 10,528	564 580	27,384 27,926	39,097 39,422	18,912 18,950	159,166 160,455	-0.8%	31.5% 31.8%
Percentage change since 2003	-1.0%	+2.8%	-2.8%	-1.9%	-0.8%	-0.2%	-0.8%		
Number of pupils helped as % of all pupils	34.9% 35.5%	40.3% 39.8%	21.1% 22.1%	25.3% 25.7%	30.0% 30.1%	32.1% 32.0%	31.5% 31.8%		

NOTES

TABLE 8 NEW BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT, 2003

Figures for 2003 are printed in BOLD type, those for 2002 are printed below them.

	HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	TOTAL
Amount spent on new/reburbished boarding accommodation							
Total (in millions of pounds)	55.8 51.2	2.2 2.1	0.5 0.6	22.8 8.0	7.0 5.4	2.2 1.7	90.5 69.0
Per Boarder (in pounds)	1541 1400	347 329	269 377	2024 694	650 481	669 527	1 301 978
Amount spent on new buildings							
Total (in millions of pounds)	114.2 127.2	21.5 24.7	2.4 1.1	61.9 65.9	63.9 57.2	23.6 20.9	287.5 297.1
Per Pupil (in pounds)	639 717	801 934	881 415	572 607	490 437	400 352	568 588
Amount spent on improvements to buildings and equipment		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••			•••
Total (in millions of pounds)	62.7 58.2	1 0.8 6.7	0.8 0.2	29.0 26.5	31.0 29.5	10.2 9.9	1 44.7 131.1
Per Pupil (in pounds)	351 328	403 254	297 87	268 244	238 225	173 167	286 259
TOTAL			ψ.				
Total (in millions of pounds)	232.8 236.7	34.5 33.5	3.6 2.0	113.8 100.4	101.9 92.2	36.0 32.5	522.6 497.2
Per Pupil (in pounds)	1 303 1334	1286 1267	1349 743	1 051 925	783 704	611 549	1 034 984

Contributions from Local Education Authorities include help given for special needs. Help given by the Government to pupils in Northern Ireland is separate from Contributions from Local Education Authorities. This table does not include pupils helped through HM Forces and Diplomatic allowances. This table does not include help given to children of staff. i) ii) iii) iv)

TABLE 9
NEW PUPILS WHOSE PARENTS LIVE OVERSEAS AND/OR ARE IN THE ARMED FORCES

Figures for 2004 are printed in **BOLD** type, those for 2003 are printed below them.

These are numbers for pupils who have entered the school between January 2003 and January 2004.

	НМС	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	TOTAL
British Pupils whose parents:							
live abroad (excl.Armed Forces)	729	86	85	201	178	114	1,393
•	492	96	22	175	212	8 1	1,078
serve in Armed Forces	442	280	18	128	447	139	1,454
	464	222	3	196	489	175	1,549
Foreign Pupils whose permanent homes are	in:						
France	53	17	0	25	36	14	145
	36	19	2	20	60	23	160
Germany	722	110	29	54	11	75	1,001
·	623	107	31	58	11	70	900
Russia	139	38	2	31	19	74	303
	143	37	5	32	29	71	317
Spain	91	12	3	73	140	14	333
•	76	15	6	95	132	11	335
Remainder of Europe (excl.UK)	248	66	3	55	59	117	548
, , ,	247	73	14	67	63	63	527
Africa	163	21	3	90	39	37	353
	210	49	6	105	48	37	455
North America	117	20	15	47	53	187	439
	113	18	11	65	53	225	485
C and S America & Caribbean	72	12	0	81	22	24	211
	81	28	2	62	30	28	231
Middle East	60	18	0	14	13	36	141
	54	22	2	27	15	45	165
Hong Kong	855	370	31	550	210	233	2,249
g	859	397	24	544	187	278	2,289
Mainland China	543	184	26	197	12	140	1,102
Translation with the	419	171	16	205	22	141	974
Taiwan	35	18	3	17	0	25	98
· Militari	45	24	Ö	15	3	26	113
Japan	74	41	1	70	24	74	284
ч	70	47	3	84	31	64	299
South Korea	115	63	Ö	54	120	71	423
ooan nord	102	66	ŏ	81	78	83	410
Malaysia	50	49	2	23	4	7	135
Malayola	67	52	1	20	4	7	151
Thailand	51	8	3	30	31	31	154
THAMATIA	49	17	1	36	41	22	166
India/Pakistan/Sri Lanka	46	11	2	6	9	24	98
mout anothern same	64	8	5	12	12	24	125
Remainder of Far East	62	51	6	40	13	18	190
, formalistor of Far Eagl	54	23	5	32	5	13	132
Australasia	20	13	0	13	20	21	87
	10	7	1	23	8	16	65
New Pupils from Overseas	3,516	1,122	129	1,470	835	1,222	8,294
The state of the s	3,322	1,180	135	1,583	832	1,247	8,299
	U,ULL	1,100	100	1,500	JUL	.,,	4,24
New British and Foreign Pupils whose	4,245	1,208	214	1,671	1,013	1,336	9,687
parents live overseas (excl.Armed Forces)	3,814	1,276	157	1,758	1,044	1,328	9,377
paronto irro ororoda (exchannea i oroca)	0,017	1,210	107	1,,,00	1,044	1,020	0,011

TABLE 9A FEES PAID FROM OVERSEAS SOURCES

Figures for 2004 are printed in BOLD type, those for 2003 are shown below.

	Pupils	Fees/Year
Day pupils	1,075	13,079,700
	700	6,028,500
Full boarding pupils	17,174	300,974,400
	15,405	240,409,200
TOTAL	18,249	314,054,100
	16,105	246,437,700

Note on Table 9A

Schools submitted the number of pupils and total termly fee for the January Term. These fees have been multiplied by three to obtain annual figures.

The following pupils have been **Included**: foreign nationals who live overseas; UK citizens who have worked continuously in an overseas country for one year or more.

The following pupils are **excluded**: pupils whose fees are paid by UK military personnel who are employed abroad; UK civil servants (including diplomats) who are employed abroad in British embassies; overseas nationals who have been resident in UK for one year or more; overseas civil servants(including diplomats) who work in embassies or high commissions in UK.

	HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	ISA	TOTAL
Total number recorded *	23,594	2,286	347	9,028	1,505	36,794
% to Higher Education (Incl. Univ.)	93.0	79.3	92.7	95.6	84.8	92.4
% to University	90.1	74.2	91.3	92.3	80.1	89.2
% to re-take A-level in Indep Sector	1.1	1.2	3.4	1.0	1.3	1.1
% to retake A-level in Maintained Sect	tor 1.0	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.9
% to further education or training	1.9	11.6	1.7	1.5	2.9	2.5
% to employment	2.0	6.8	1.9	1.8	4.4	2.3
% Others	4.1	3.2	2.8	2.4	9.1	3.8

^{*} Note - GSA, AGBIS and ISA include a significant number of schools which do not have sixth forms; pre A-level leavers do not appear in this table.

TABLE 11 SIZES OF SCHOOLS

			NUMBER O	F SCHOOLS			
School Size (Pupils)	HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	ALL
	HMC 1 5 11 8 22 18 13 12 17 11 27 13 12 14 8 8 11 7 5 3 1 4	SHMIS 1 4 7 7 12 8 6 7 4 6 2 3	1 1 1 1 1	GSA 1 2 3 10 17 18 23 21 14 16 11 10 9 6 6 6 9 6 4 1 3	1 16 61 88 75 88 64 35 29 19 9 5	5 29 52 64 31 25 22 10 9 5 6 2 2 1 2	ALL 6 48 115 159 123 142 128 84 87 64 49 36 31 25 36 20 19 22 17 14 15 8 8 3 2 4 1 1 3 2
1501 - 1550 1551 - 1600 1651 - 1700 2001 - 2050 2251 - 2300 2301 - 2350	1 1 1 1 1						1 1 1 1 1

TABLE 12 BOARDING/DAY RATIOS

			NUMBER O	F SCHOOLS			
	HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	ALL
% BOARDERS							
0-1	98	18		122	294	219	751
1-5	6	2		8	26	2.0	42
5-10	14	3		9	33	8	67
10-15	10	4	1	11	35	5	66
15-20	12	9		3	24	1	49
20-25	6	3		5	18	4	36
25-30	10	3		9	12	2	36
30-35	7	4		3	11	3	28
35-40	8	2		4	5	3	22
40-45	3	4	1	4	3	2	17
45-50	7	2		4	3	4	20
50-55	5		1	2	5	2	15
55-60	6	2		2	5	2	17
60-65	7	2		2	3	3	17
65-70	6	1				3	10
70-75	13	1		1	2		17
75-80	5	1		1	2		9
80-85	5	1		4	2	1	13
85-90	4	2		2	2		10
90-95	1	1	1	4	2	1	10
95-99	4			1	2		7
99-100	6	3	1	2	4	3	19

TABLE 13 BOY/GIRL RATIOS

	NUMBER OF SCHOOLS							
	HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	ALL	
% BOYS								
0-1				156	33	14	203	
1-5				22	11	2	35	
5-10				10	6	4	20	
10-15				7	4	3	14	
15-20		2		3	4	2	11	
20-25		1		2	7	2	12	
25-30				1	4	5	10	
30-35				2	4	4	10	
35-40			1		6	9	16	
40-45		3			7	15	25	
45-50 50-55	12	5			23	32	72	
50-55 55-60	33	11	2		56	38	140	
	40	15	1		92	54	202	
60-65 65-70	40	11			72	34	157	
65-70	20	5			42	15	82	
70-75 75-80	15	6			21	3	45	
80-85	5	3			9	5	22	
85-90	2	1			2	4	9	
90-95	7	1			3	3	14	
95-99	16				6	1	23	
99-100	6	,			9	2	17	
33-100	47	4	1		72	15	139	

TABLE 14
STAFF AND PUPILS: NUMBERS AND RATIOS
Figures for 2004 are printed in BOLD type, those for 2003 are printed below them.

F # 0	HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	TOTAL
Full time							
Men	10,897	1,306	172	1,565	3,788	1,347	19,075
Women	10,879	1,295	172	1,488	3,807	1,321	18,962
VVOITIETT	5,652	1,213	112	7,419	7,020	3,236	24,652
Total	5,420	1,146	107	7,406	6,925	3,159	24,163
iotai	16,549	2,519	284	8,984	10,808	4,583	43,727
Part time - Number of staff	16,299	2,441	279	8,894	10,732	4,480	43,125
Men	810	186	24	401	E00	E40	0.566
171011	756	193	13	421 434	582 530	543	2,566
Women	2,040	620	63	3,318	3,186	544 2,176	2,470 11,403
	1,936	628	42	3,299	2,929	2,173	11,403
Total	2,850	806	87	3,739	3,768	2,719	13,969
	2,692	821	55	3,733	3,459	2,719	13,477
Part time - Hours	2,002	02 1	00	0,700	0,409	2,717	10,477
Men	10,225	2,383	146	5,598	7,059	6,428	31,839
	9,003	2,370	92	5,263	6,393	6,613	29,734
Women	27,685	8,331	694	46,307	48,825	31,108	162,950
	24,314	8,645	568	47,212	45,263	30,705	156,707
Total	37,910	10,714	840	51,905	55,884	37,536	194,789
	33,317	11,015	660	52,475	51,656	37,318	186,441
Full time equivalent (32.5 PT hours =	: 1 FT)	,		,	,	5.,55	,
Men	11,211	1,379	176	1,737	4,005	1,544	20,054
	11,156	1,367	174	1,649	4,003	1,524	19,876
Women	6,503	1,469	133	8,843	8,522	4,193	29,665
	6,168	1,412	124	8,858	8,317	4,103	28,984
Total	17,715	2,848	309	10,581	12,527	5,737	49,720
	17,324	2,779	299	10,508	12,321	5,628	48,861
Pupils							•
Boys	128,593	16,171	1,723	2,112	79,157	31,355	259,111
	128,286	15,850	1,655	2,006	79,962	31,378	259,137
Girls	50,009	10,665	953	106,093	50,965	27,546	246,231
-	49,073	10,619	973	106,454	50,918	27,752	245,789
Total	178,602	26,836	2,676	108,205	130,122	58,901	505,342
Position and distance for all the	177,359	26,469	2,628	108,460	130,880	59,130	504,926
Pupils + weighting for Sixth Form							
Boys	162,655	19,353	2,260	2,114	79,168	33,050	298,600
Cirlo	162,848	18,936	2,157	2,008	79,976	33,059	298,984
Girls	64,401	12,780	1,185	124,552	51,007	28,887	282,812
Total	63,508	12,633	1,217	125,248	50,964	29,072	282,642
iolai	227,056	32,133	3,445	126,666	130,175	61,937	581,412
Ratios - raw	226,356	31,569	3,374	127,256	130,940	62,131	581,626
Pupil/Teacher	10.00	0.40	0.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	
i apiii loachei	10.08 10.24	9.42	8.66	10.23	10.39	10.27	10.16
Boys/Girls	71% / 29%	9.52 60% / 40%	8.79 64% / 36%	10.32	10.62	10.51	10.33
Doya amo	72% / 28%	59% / 41%	62% / 38%	1% / 99%	60% / 40%	53% / 47%	51% / 49%
Men/Women	63% / 37%	48% / 52%	56% / 44%	1% / 99% 16% / 84%	61% / 39%	53% / 47%	51% / 49%
	64% / 36%	49% / 51%	58% / 42%	15% / 85%	31% / 69%	26% / 74%	40% / 60%
Ratios - with Sixth Form weighting	04/07/00/0	43/6/31/6	30 /6 / 42 /6	10 /6 / 00 /6	32% / 68%	27% / 73%	40% / 60%
Pupil/Teacher	12.82	11.28	11.15	11.97	10.39	10.80	11.69
•	13.07	11.36	11.28	12.11	10.63	11.04	11.90
Boys/Girls	71% / 29%	60% / 40%	65% / 35%	1%/99%	60% / 40%	53% / 47%	51% / 49%
-	71% / 29%	59% / 41%	63% / 37%	1%/99%	61% / 39%	53% / 47%	51%/49%
Men/Women	63% / 37%	48% / 52%	56% / 44%	16% / 84%	31% / 69%	26% / 74%	40% / 60%
	64% / 36%	49% / 51%	58% / 42%	15% / 85%	32% / 68%	27% / 73%	40% / 60%
	* * * = * *			.0.070070	02/01/00/0	£1 /0 / 1 0 /0	70 10 1 00 10

TABLE 15 FULL TIME STAFF CHANGES

Figures for 2004 are printed in $\mbox{\bf BOLD}$ type, those for 2003 are printed below them.

Arriving From:		HMC	SHMIS	AGBIS	GSA	IAPS	ISA	TOTAL
Independent Schools	Arriving From:	111110	OI IIIIIO	Adbio	don	IAI 3	10/4	IOIAL
Maintained Schools 514 163 4 478 408 265 1,332 514 163 4 478 408 265 1,332 514 163 4 544 554 487 264 2,005 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 17		683	86	15	447	576	182	1,989
Maintained Schools		707						
The Tat Univ or Training Coll 292 26	Maintained Schools	514	163		478			
The turniv or Training Coll 292 286 82 93 30 523 33 34 89 72 37 7473 747		548	148	4	554	487		
New Grads (degree or other courses) 152	ITT at Univ or Training Coll				82	93	30	
Industry, etc.					89	72	37	473
Industry, etc.	New Grads (degree or other courses)					115	49	426
The Coller (Incl. retirement)				5				367
Other (Incl. retirement)	Industry, etc.							
Total 1,958 397 29 1,324 1,491 691 5,590 Going To:	Other (Incl. making on a th							
Total	Other (Incl. retirement)							
Color 1,950 402 31 1,401 1,601 744 6,128	Total							
Independent Schools	Iolai							
Independent Schools	Going To:	1,950	402	31	1,401	1,601	/44	6,129
Maintained Schools 610 by 50 by 11 by 50 by 11 by 50 by 55 by 12 by 50 by 12 by 50 by 12 by 50 by 50 by 12 by 50 by		504	70	e	207	AET	100	1 401
Maintained Schools 180 50 1 116 102 109 558 ITT at Univ or Training Coil 7 1 3 2 3 16 New Grads (degree or other courses) 2 - 6 11 1 18 New Grads (degree or other courses) 2 - 4 11 1 4 7 Industry, etc. 54 20 34 31 23 162 Other (Incl. retirement) 913 149 15 722 734 364 2,897 Total 1,680 299 22 1,162 1,327 631 5,121 Total 1,680 299 22 1,162 1,327 631 5,121 Net Gain from: 1,650 330 25 1,203 1,319 619 5,146 Net Gain from: 1,650 334 113 3 362 306 156 1,274 Maintained Schools 334	independent ochools							
TTT at Univ or Training Coll	Maintained Schools							
The full of the				•				
New Grads (degree or other courses) 1	ITT at Univ or Training Coll							
New Grads (degree or other courses) 2		•	•					
Industry, etc.	New Grads (degree or other courses)	2			Ü			
Industry, etc.	, 0	_	3	1		•	•	
Other (Incl. retirement) 46 bits 11 bits 24 bits 29 bits 27 bits 69 bits 337 bits 27 bits 27 bits 69 bits 37 bits 5121 bits 27 bits 69 bits 5121 bits 5120 bits 5121 bits	Industry, etc.	54		•	34	31	23	
Other (Incl. retirement) 913 by 178 by 178 by 15 by 178 by 15 by 178 by 17		46						
Total 1,680 299 22 1,162 1,327 631 5,121 1,660 299 22 1,162 1,327 631 5,121 1,660 330 25 1,203 1,319 619 5,146 Net Gain from:	Other (Incl. retirement)	913	149	15				
Total 1,680 1,680 299 22 1,162 1,327 631 5,121 1,650 330 25 1,203 1,319 619 5,146 Net Gain from: Independent Schools 97 46 33 140 198 49 533 Maintained Schools 334 113 3 362 306 156 1,274 111 344 164 1,365 117 at Univ or Training Coll 285 25 79 91 27 507 233 38 4 83 61 36 36 455 114 45 119 115 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115		809	178	15	718	694	337	
Net Gain from: Independent Schools 159 7 9 160 119 54 508 Independent Schools 159 7 9 160 119 54 508 Maintained Schools 334 113 3 362 306 156 1,274 ITT at Univ or Training Coll 285 25 79 91 27 507 New Grads (degree or other courses) 150 41 6 63 114 45 419 Industry, etc. 13 -7 -11 -1 7 1 Other (Incl. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Full time Staff 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 Total 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 Tota	Total	1,680	299	22	1,162	1,327		
Independent Schools		1,650	330	25	1,203	1,319	619	
Maintained Schools 334 113 3 140 198 49 533 ITT at Univ or Training Coll 363 79 4 411 344 164 1,365 ITT at Univ or Training Coll 285 25 79 91 27 507 New Grads (degree or other courses) 150 41 6 63 114 45 419 New Grads (degree or other courses) 150 41 6 63 114 45 419 Industry, etc. 13 -7 -11 -1 7 1 Other (Incl. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Full time Staff 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,808 4,583 43,727 Turnover as % of Number of Full T								
Maintained Schools 334 113 3 362 306 156 1,274 ITT at Univ or Training Coll 285 25 79 91 27 507 New Grads (degree or other courses) 150 41 6 63 114 45 419 New Grads (degree or other courses) 150 41 6 63 114 45 419 Industry, etc. 13 -7 -11 -1 7 1 Other (Incl. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Full time Staff 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff </td <td>Independent Schools</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Independent Schools							
Total 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 13.7 18.6 16.7 16.7 16.6 14.2 16.8	Mark 101							
TT at Univ or Training Coll 285 25 79 91 27 507	Maintained Schools							
New Grads (degree or other courses) 233 38 4 83 61 36 455 New Grads (degree or other courses) 150 41 6 63 114 45 419 Industry, etc. 155 21 4 54 101 28 363 Industry, etc. 13 -7 -11 -11 -1 7 1 25 9 2 11 18 65 Other (Inci. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Full time Staff 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 Total 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 Total 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff	ETT at Habita on Tradelia C. 16			4				
New Grads (degree or other courses) 150 41 6 63 114 45 419 Industry, etc. 13 -7 -11 -1 7 1 Other (Incl. retirement) 25 9 2 11 18 65 Other (Incl. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Full time Staff 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 Total 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.3 10.4 14.9 13.9 15.4 13.7 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	11 I at Univ or Training Coil			,				
Industry, etc. 13 -7 -11 -1 7 1 Other (Incl. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Full time Staff 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 Total 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	Now Crada (dagree or other course)							
Industry, etc. 13 -7 -11 -1 7 1 65 25 9 2 11 18 65 Other (Incl. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 -573 -121 -9 -492 -433 -170 -1,798 -1,798 -1,704 -1,798 -1,	New Grads (degree or other courses)							
Other (Incl. retirement) 25 9 2 11 18 65 Other (Incl. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 10 -573 -121 -9 -492 -433 -170 -1,798 10 -70 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 10 -70 300 72 6 198 282 125 983 Full time Staff 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 10 -70 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 10 -70 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 10 -70 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10 -70 10	Industry oto			4				
Other (Incl. retirement) -663 -81 -11 -491 -465 -229 -1,940 -573 -121 -9 -492 -433 -170 -1,798 Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Full time Staff 300 72 6 198 282 125 983 Full time Staff Total 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 Total 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.3 10.4 14.9 13.9 15.4 13.7 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	industry, etc.							
Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 300 72 6 198 282 125 983 Full time Staff 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	Other (Incl. retirement)			44				
Total 278 98 7 162 164 60 769 Full time Staff Total 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 Total 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.3 10.4 14.9 13.9 15.4 13.7 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	Other (met. retirement)							,
Full time Staff Total 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.3 10.4 14.9 13.9 15.4 13.7 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	Total							
Full time Staff Total 16,549 2,519 284 8,984 10,808 4,583 43,727 16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.3 10.4 14.9 13.9 15.4 13.7 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	iolai							
Total 16,549 16,299 2,519 2,441 284 279 8,894 8,984 10,732 10,808 4,583 43,727 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 10.4 14.9 13.9 15.4 14.9 16.6 14.2 13.7 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	Full time Staff	300	12	U	190	202	125	900
16,299 2,441 279 8,894 10,732 4,480 43,125 Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.3 10.4 14.9 13.9 15.4 13.7 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8		16.549	2,519	284	A GRA	10.808	A 583	43 727
Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff 12.0 16.3 10.4 14.9 13.9 15.4 13.7 12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	· 							
12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8		,	-, 111	2,0	0,004	10,102	7,700	70,120
12.0 16.5 11.1 15.8 14.9 16.6 14.2 Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8	Turnover as % of Number of Full Time Staff	12.0	16.3	10.4	14.9	13.9	15.4	13.7
Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff 1.7 4.0 2.5 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.8								
					,			
	Gain as % of Number of Full Time Staff	1.7	4.0	2.5	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.8
		1.8	2.9	2.2	2.2		2.8	

Areas used in these statistics are groups of counties and unitary authorities, as follows:

County Reference Number	Are Referenc Numbe	e		County Reference Number		Area Reference Number	
1	Bedfordshire	5	E Midlands				
2	Berkshire	9	South East	30	Manchester Area	2	The North
3	Bristol	7	South & West	31	Merseyside Area	2	The North
4	Buckinghamshire	9	South East	32	Norfolk	6	East Anglia
5	Cambridgeshire	6	East Anglia	33	Northamptonshire	5	E Midlands
6	Channel Islands	7	South & West	34	Northumberland	2	The North
7	Cheshire	2	The North	35	Nottinghamshire	5	E Midlands
8	Cornwall	7	South & West	36	Oxfordshire	9	South East
9	Cumbria	2	The North	37	Shropshire	4	W Midlands
10	Derbyshire	5	E Midlands	38	Somerset	7	South & West
11	Devon	7	South & West	39	Staffordshire	4	W Midlands
12	Dorset	7	South & West	40	Suffolk	6	East Anglia
13	Durham	2	The North	41	Surrey	9	South East
14	Essex	6	East Anglia	42	Sussex (East)	9	South East
15	Gloucestershire	4	W Midlands	43	Sussex (West)	9	South East
16	Hampshire	7	South & West	44	Teesside Area	2	The North
17	Herefordshire	4	W Midlands	45	Tyne and Wear Area	2	The North
18	Hertfordshire	9	South East	46	Warwickshire	4	W Midlands
19	Isle of Man	2	The North	47	West Midlands	4	W Midlands
20	Isle of Wight	7	South & West	48	Wiltshire	7	South & West
21	Kent	9	South East	49	Worcestershire	4	W Midlands
22		2	The North	50	Yorkshire Area East	2	The North
23	Leicestershire & Rutland	5	E Midlands	51	Yorkshire Area North	2	The North
24	Lincolnshire	5	E Midlands	52	Yorkshire Area South	2	The North
25	London Central	8	Greater London	53	Yorkshire Area West	2	The North
26	London NW	8	Greater London	54	Wales (North)	3	Wales
27	London SW	8	Greater London	55	Wales (South)	3	Wales
28	London NE	8	Greater London	56	Scotland	1	Scotland
29	London SE	8	Greater London	57	Northern Ireland	10	Ireland
				58	Republic of Ireland	10	Ireland
				i.			

INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS COUNCIL information service

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The Census is published on behalf of the Independent Schools Council by ISCis, its information and media arm.

ISCis publishes leaflets and booklets on various aspects on independent education (see outside back cover) and *The ISC Guide to Accredited Independent Schools*, a paperback guide to 1,280 day and boarding schools for boys and girls aged 2 - 19. Its Press Office handles relations with the media.

There are eight regions covering the entire British Isles which publish handbooks giving details of schools in their areas.

ISC International helps parents living overseas and in the UK to find suitable schools for their children. It operates a consultancy service for multi-national companies whose staff require independent schools for their children. For details, please write to ISC International at the above address.

ISCis PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNUAL CENSUS 2004 -- this booklet price £15 (including postage). Association supplements for 2004 £3 per Association (HMC, SHMIS, GSA, IAPS, ISA) or £15 for the set. Back numbers of the Census: 2003 £10, others £3.50 each (including postage).

The leaflets and other publications listed below are available from ISCis, 35-37 Grosvenor Gardens, London SW1W 0BS and are supplied on receipt of two first class stamps each, except where the price is stated.

PLANNING AN INDEPENDENT EDUCATION -- an introductory leaflet for parents interested in sending their children to independent schools

WHAT IS ISC? -- explains the organisation

HOW YOU CAN AFFORD AN INDEPENDENT EDUCATION -- planning ahead to reduce costs, or receiving help with school fees

QUESTIONS TO ASK when you visit a school

WHY ACCREDITATION MATTERS TO PARENTS - - what accreditation means

A GUIDE TO CHARITABLE FUNDING FOR EDUCATION - - for parents who need to seek help with school fees from education trusts

THE GUIDE TO ACCREDITED INDEPENDENT BOARDING SCHOOLS IN THE UK (BSA) -- Price £1 in UK; by credit card £5 continental Europe, £10 elsewhere (including airmail postage)

INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS: THE LEGAL CASE -- by Anthony Lester QC and David Pannick QC. Price £5 (including postage)

INDEPENDENT EDUCATION IN WESTERN EUROPE (1997) -- price £5 (including postage)

mISC MAGAZINE -- price £2 per copy (3 issues a year)

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A free guide for parents to 1,280 schools in membership of ISC with details including fees, pupil numbers, examination results and 50 pages of guidance on how to choose a school.

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